

## **Conclusions:**

From the present study, it can be concluded that:

- (1) Clinical dental and radiographic examinations are important in diagnosing cases of ED. The number of missing teeth, abnormal crown forms, asymmetry in missing units are characteristic in cases of uncertain diagnosis.
- (2) A clinical success rate of 87.5% for composite strip crowns and removable partial overdentures in comparison to 100% for amalgam fillings, formocresol pulpotomies and stainless steel crowns was recorded at the end of the study.
- (3) Early dental intervention improved the patients' appearance, speech and masticatory function.
- (4) Oral rehabilitation was successful, establishing the function and improving the social living and QOL of these children.